- (i) a felony that is a crime listed in paragraph (2) of this subsection has been committed or attempted; and
- (ii) the person to be arrested has committed or attempted to commit the felony whether or not in the presence or within the view of the fire investigator.
- (2) The powers of arrest set forth in paragraph (1) of this subsection apply only to:
- (i) the crimes listed in this paragraph and to attempts, conspiracies, and solicitations to commit these crimes:
- 1. a crime that relates to a device that is constructed to represent a destructive device under § 9-505 of the Criminal Law Article;
- 2. setting fire to a dwelling or occupied structure under § 6-102 of the Criminal Law Article;
- 3. setting fire to a structure under  $\S$  6–103 of the Criminal Law Article;
- 4. making a false statement or rumor as to a destructive device under § 9-504 of the Criminal Law Article; and
- $\,$  5.  $\,$  a crime that relates to destructive devices under  $\,$  4–503 of the Criminal Law Article; and
- (ii) a crime that relates to the unlawful possession or sale of explosives under  $\S\S 11-105(a)$  and  $\S\S 11-114(b)$  and (c) of the Public Safety Article.
- [(c)] (B) (1) A fire investigator of the Prince George's County Fire Department [or a Montgomery County fire and explosive investigator] may arrest a person without a warrant if the fire investigator [or Montgomery County fire and explosive investigator] has probable cause to believe:
- (i) the person has committed a crime listed in paragraph (2) of this subsection; and
  - (ii) unless the person is arrested immediately, the person:
    - 1. may not be apprehended;

or

- 2. may cause physical injury or property damage to another;
- 3. may tamper with, dispose of, or destroy evidence.
- (2) The crimes referred to in paragraph (1) of this subsection are:
- (i) reckless endangerment under § 3-204 of the Criminal Law Article;
- (ii) malicious burning under  $\S$  6–104 or  $\S$  6–105 of the Criminal Law Article;